

THE BRITISH COLONIST.
Saturday Morning, Oct. 31, 1888.
TO ADVERTISERS.
Transient Advertisements must be paid for in advance to the undersigned.
TO AGENTS.
Settlements of accounts will be required monthly, or the supply of papers will be discontinued. The daily and weekly issues will be furnished at the lowest cash rates and no exception will in future be made to this rule.
English Summary.

The English papers received this mail do not carry as much farther than those which came to hand last week. Parliament is to be dissolved on the 9th of November, the elections for boroughs commence on the 13th, and for counties on the 16th. The general election will be completed before the end of the month and it is expected that the new Parliament will meet on Thursday, the 10th of December. The swearing in of members will occupy that and the two following days. The Queen's speech will be delivered on Monday the 14th, and in all probability the division on the amendment to the address will take place on Friday the 19th of December; if the present Ministry are beaten upon this debate, they will according to established rule and precedent, resign, and in such a case the leader of the opposition is under ordinary circumstances "sent for" by the Sovereign. The followers of Mr Gladstone are very confident that their chief will be Prime Minister before the end of the year. It is rumored already that Mr Bright is to have a seat in the Cabinet, and both the Home Office and Post-office have been spoken of in connection with the name of the illustrious Radical, but we are cautioned to receive these reports with doubt, as Mr Bright is far too independent to compromise himself by allowing any hint of his willingness to accept office, to escape him before the vacancies occur, and before the elections have taken place. In the meantime, the Conservatives are placing their friends so far as possible. The death of Mr Sergeant Goulbourn, Commissioner in Bankruptcy, gives promotion to Mr James Bacon, Q.C., who has accepted the vacant Commissioner'ship rather than run the risk of holding an office of more political importance, but of which the tenure was as uncertain as is the issue of the coming election. It is said that the cry of "the Church in danger" is losing its influence, and the necessity of grappling with the condition of Ireland is being fully recognized throughout the country, and it is generally admitted that Gladstone has a more practical knowledge of it than Disraeli. A feeling of disappointment seems to pervade the country with regard to the class of members likely to find seats in the new Parliament, it was anticipated by some, that practical workingmen, earnest, high-minded, and patriotic, would be chosen by the large constituencies, as a result of the large addition to the Franchise granted by the Reform Act of 1867. It is now found that the impecuniosity of the ideal working-man is still an insurmountable obstacle to his obtaining a seat in the House of Commons. Large constituencies are, as a rule, very slow to recognize latent talent, and still slower to assume the responsibility of returning a member free of expense, no matter how great his talent or influence. Agricultural prospects have brightened considerably, owing to the rapid growth of grass, and the great improvement in the root crops, which took place after the refreshing rains which fell in the latter part of August, and the panic which was setting in on account of the high price of food for sheep and cattle, has to a great extent worn off. Hay had been selling at from nine to ten pounds per ton, and was still very high, but some American hay grown in Nebraska was sold in the Liverpool market for five pounds a ton. Dr Goulbourn is spoken of as likely to be elevated to the vacant Bishopric of Peterboro, speaking of Colonial Bishops an English contemporary says: "The Bishopric of New Westminster, which was announced two years ago as in course of formation out of the diocese of British Columbia, and for which Mr Postlethwaite gave up a good living on the understanding that he was to be consecrated forthwith, seems to have come to nothing, and the Bishop nominee, is still only a priest; it is said however, that rather than be left out in the cold, the Reverend gentleman, whose means are ample, has offered to endow the see himself, and has placed a proposition to that effect in the hands of the Colonial Secretary."

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Nervousness and want of energy.—When first the nerves feel unstrung, and listlessness supplants the energy, it is the right time to take some alterative as Holloway's Pills to prevent disorder running into disease. These excellent Pills correct all irregularities and weaknesses. They act so kindly, yet so energetically on the functions of digestion and assimilation, that the body is revived, the blood is rendered richer and clearer, the bowels become firmer and stronger, and the nervous and absorbent systems are invigorated. These Pills are suitable for all classes and ages. They have a most marvellous effect on persons who are out of condition, they soon rectify whatever is in fault, restore strength to the body and confidence to the mind.

Which Party do the Government Officials Support?
The position of Mr J Stuart Mill with the electors of Westminster is somewhat analogous at present, to that of the Liberal candidates in our own city. At the last election Mr Mill was elected by a very large majority, and without any expense to himself; his politics have in no one respect changed, he has been the consistent advocate of popular principles, and yet, to the shame of the electors of Westminster be it said, his election is not considered by any means certain this year; the reason for this prospect of defeat of the Liberal party, in this large and reform loving constituency, appears to be, that a section of the extreme Liberal party are not satisfied with Mr Mill's views on the subject of the ballot, and threaten to withhold their votes in consequence. It would be difficult for them to show how their playing into the hands of the Conservative party, would tend to strengthen the cause of secret voting; but electors, when they once allow a bugbear to be set up, are very apt to be blind to their own interests. The ballot is no issue on which to try the strength of parties in England at present, and it is surprising that advanced and well informed Liberals should be found willing to allow themselves to be galled, by those who wish to retard the progress of the country. The same trick seems to have been played with the Westminster Reformers, by the Conservative party, as has been attempted to be put in practice by the anti-progress party in Victoria. Conservative emissaries there, disseminate the insidious poison amongst the Radical party and induce them to abstain from voting for Mr Mill on account of his not supporting the ballot box; here, the friends of the Government, the officials who are actually drawing their salaries from the pockets of the electors, run to and fro denouncing the Liberal candidates as men wanting in truth and honesty, who have not the good of the people at heart, and the agents of the Hudson Bay Company join in the cry, but fortunately the well known position of those who are striving against the people's candidates, causes their efforts to recoil upon them. Two people are not so easily hoodwinked, and when they see the employee's of Government, actively engaged in canvassing against the popular cause, they are rather apt, if we may be allowed a slang but expressive phrase, "to smell a mouse."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
PUBLIC MEETINGS.
A PUBLIC MEETING WILL BE HELD on SATURDAY, 31st October, at the following places:
SELIUK'S HALL, Reginald, at noon.
The Theatre, Victoria, at 7.30 p.m.
When the Liberal Candidates, Messrs HELMCKEN and DRAKE will address the electors. oc31
NOTICE.
A PUBLIC MEETING OF THE Settlers of Melbourn and Equivalents will be held at the Melbourn, on Thursday, the 4th of November, to consider the desirability of having a Fence Law. oc31
MUNICIPAL NOTICE.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Nomination of Mayor and Councilors to serve during the ensuing year, will take place on Monday, the 11th day of November, 1888, in front of the Police Barracks, Victoria, at 12 o'clock, noon, and the Poll, if any, will be taken on the day following, at the undermentioned places:
For the Mayor and Two Councilors, for Yates street Ward, in front of the Police Barracks.
For Two Councilors for the James' Bay Ward, at Mr Fred W. Green's Office, Brougham street.
For Two Councilors for the Johnson street Ward, at the Shop adjoining Mr Fred Patine's, Johnson street.
The Poll will be kept open from 8 o'clock a.m. to 4 o'clock p.m.
By order of the Mayor,
W. LEIGH,
Clerk to the Municipal Council.
City Council Chambers, Oct. 31st, 1888. oc31
Ship Bolivia
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE undersigned Customers of the above vessel will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew without their written order. oc31
JANION, RHODES & CO.
Ship Bolivia.
CONSIGNEES BY THE ABOVE VESSEL are requested to call at the Office of the undersigned, pay freight and receive orders for their Goods. The ship commences discharging on Monday morning, the 2nd Nov. at 8 o'clock.
All Goods left on the Wharf after 4 o'clock p.m., will be at the risk of the owners. oc31
JANION, RHODES & CO.
G. M. STREET, London. M. T. JOHNSON, San Francisco.
SPROAT & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
STORE STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.,
224 Sansome street, (Bank of British Columbia Building) San Francisco, California. oc31 Im
The undersigned begs to inform the Public that he has just received per bark "RIVAL," a Large Supply of Assorted
FRENCH PRESERVES,
Such as
Green Peas, Green Beans, Mushrooms, Truffled Pastry, Truffles, &c.
He has made such arrangements as to receive Fresh Supplies per Steamer Monthly, and offers them for Sale by Wholesale or Retail, at Fifty per cent. Cheaper than they have hitherto been sold in this Market.
A. CASAMAYOU,
Victoria, B. C., Oct. 30th, 1888. oc31
OYSTERS!
IN EVERY STYLE,
AT THE
BEE-HIVE,
FORT STREET. oc31

New Advertisements.
PUBLIC MEETING.
A PUBLIC MEETING WILL BE held on MONDAY NIGHT next, at which several Speakers will address the Meeting in favor of Liberal Principles and the Liberal Candidates. oc31
NOTICE.
OWNERS OF GOOD FARMING LANDS or of Dwelling Houses, well situated, may hear of purchasers or Tenants, by applying to
T. ALISOFF,
Land Agent, Government street, Near Broughton, Victoria, V. I.
Money to loan at low rates, on first-class security. oc31
FOR SALE.
LOT TWENTY-ONE, BLOCK SEVENTY. Section, having a frontage on Fort street of 27 feet by 100 feet in depth, being the premises commonly known as the City Auction Rooms.
For Terms and Particulars apply to
ROBERT DUNNADY,
Land Agent, Government street. oc30
Prince of Wales' Birthday RACES.
Races will take place on the Anniversary of the PRINCE of WALES' Birthday, on
BEACON HILL,
NOVEMBER 9th, 1888.
1st Race.—The TRIAL STAKES, of \$5 each, with \$40 added, for horses that have been used as hacks or in harness. Winners of \$50 once, \$10; twice of \$100, 10lb extra; 11 stones. One mile.
2nd.—The PRINCE OF WALES' PLATE, of \$50 added, to a Sweepstakes of \$25 each, half forfeit. Winners of \$100, 7lb; twice of \$200, 12lb extra; 10 stones. Two miles.
3rd.—The HURDLE RACE STAKES, of \$5 each, with \$50 added. A winner of any Hurdle race, 12lb extra. Two miles; over 6 flights of hurdles. Gentlemen riders; 12 stones.
4th.—The SCURRY STAKES, of \$1, with \$20 added. Catch weights. Entrance to be made on the Course. All winners excluded. One mile.
All horses to be ridden in Colors.
By order of the COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT. oc30
To Dairyman, Livery Stable Proprietors, Stock Raisers and Others.
FRESH GRASS LINED OIL Cake, the Best and Cheapest Article for Feeding Purposes.
For Sale by
Y. LANGLEY & CO. oc28 1w
VICTORIA CEMETERY.
SUBSCRIPTIONS IN AID OF THE Improvement of the Victoria Cemetery are earnestly solicited and may be paid to any of the following Gentlemen who form the Committee.—Messrs. W. J. Macdonald, D. Cameron, J. Ash, J. Dickson, S. Nesbitt, F. Guesche, J. Hutchison, J. Blissett, T. James, P. McQuade and
E. GRAHAM ALSTON.
Hon. Sec. oc26
NOTICE.
THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between Frederick Reynolds and Matthew Butterell, trading under the style or firm of Reynolds & Butterell, as Butchers and Cattle Dealers, in Victoria, Vancouver Island, B. C., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of October instant.
F. Reynolds will discharge all liabilities and receive all indebtedness due the late firm, and will continue the business as heretofore.
Dated Victoria, 23rd October, 1888.
GEORGE DEARKE,
Solicitor for Reynolds & Butterell. oc24
FOR SALE AT
Cloverdale, Victoria District
One Span Plough or Wagon, Bay Horses, each working single or double.
One Yoke Well-bred Work Oxen, in good condition.
One Full grown Berkshire Boar, imported from California.
Store Pigs, of excellent breed.
Two Half-bred Short Horn Bull Calves.
Clean Timothy Seed.
Apply on the Premises to
A. J. TOLMIE.
Or in Victoria to
Messrs STAFFORD & HICKIN,
Butchers, Government street. oc24
Gunpowder,
BLASTING & SPORTING
FROM THE MANUFACTORY OF
COURTIS & HARVEY.
FOR SALE BY
THOS. LETT STAULSCHMIDT,
WHARF STREET. oc26
NOTICE
MR ROBERT P. RIFUEZ HOLDS the Power of Attorney of Sprout & Co.
MATTHEW T. JOHNSON.
Store street, Victoria, V. I., Oct. 31st, 1888. oc22
BILLIARDS, BILLIARDS
FOR SALE.
TWO OF PUGLANS BEST COMBINA tion Pocket Billiard Tables, Complete, in perfect order and nearly new; also, Pyramid Balls, Pool Pins, English and Pin Pool Boards.
For further particulars apply to
GREEN & WILSON,
Steamboat Exchange, Reginald. oc28 1m
NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
DE DAVID JUNE, HAS REMOVED his Office to the Premises next door to the Union Hotel and Laidler Co's Truck House, on Broughton street Opposite the Police Court. oc21
QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLAND,
Royal Columbia Anthracite Coal Mining Company, Limited.
THE OFFICE OF THIS COMPANY has been removed to Government Street near Broughton street. oc19
Sugar,
EXTRA QUALITY.
Molasses,
EXTRA QUALITY.
SALT,
20 TONS.
JUST RECEIVED FROM HONOLULU, per "ROBERT COWAN" and "MAUNA LOA."
And for Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.
Victoria, Oct. 29th, 1888. oc10

New Advertisements.
Springfield Nursery, Cook Street.
JAY & BALES
Invite Inspection of their LARGE STOCK of the CHOICEST VARIETIES of
Apple, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Peach, & other Fruit Trees,
Of One Year Old and Upwards, now ready for Removal, and guaranteed true to name.
—ALSO OF—
Evergreen and Deciduous Shrubs, Dwarf and Standard Roses, Bulbs and Nursery Stock of every description,
At the SEED STORE, Yates Street.
A Fine Assortment of Fresh Island-raised TIMOTHY and RYE GRASS, and FIELD and GARDEN SEEDS, of all kinds on hand.
Fruit Trees Securely Packed for Travel.
Orders executed with fidelity and despatch, and Planting undertaken if required. oc29
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.
W.M. WILSON
Just received by Express from England, a Large Stock of
SUPERIOR WINTER CLOTHING,
Hosiery, Underclothing, Hats, Waterproof Clothing, &c., &c.
Which will be sold VERY CHEAP to make room for other Goods on the way.
GREAT BARGAINS IN BEAVER SUITS, PANTS, AND BALTIC SHIRTS. oc28 3m
LONDON HOUSE,
GOVERNMENT STREET.
Sept. 28th, 1888.
We are now Opening our Splendid Stock for the AUTUMN and WINTER TRADE, received by "Spirit of the Age" and Express.
These Goods have been carefully selected by us in London and Paris, and are in every respect the most desirable that could be Purchased for Cash in the best Markets of the World. They comprise all the Latest Fashions for Dress—very Superior STAPLE DRY GOODS, MANTLES, MILLINERY, FURS, &c., and some of the most Elegant Designs in FRENCH FANCY GOODS.
We are receiving additions to our Stock by every Steamer via Panama.
J. H. TURNER & CO.,
Sole Agents for Alexandre's Kid Gloves. oc29
LONDON FIRM—J. P. TUNSTALL & CO.]
For Hong-Kong Direct.
THE A 1 RUSSIAN SHIP
"MARIA,"
Capt. CANELLAS,
Will sail from Port Townsend for the above port in about Three Weeks.
Has good accommodation for a limited number of Chinamen.
For Rate of Passage apply to
J. ROBERTSON STEWART. oc22
Dissolution of Partnership.
THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between G. D. Clarke & Lewis Douglas under the name of G. D. Clarke & Co., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. All outstanding accounts are to be paid to G. D. Clarke.
DRAKE, JACKSON & ATKMAN,
Solicitors for G. D. Clarke.
Victoria, V. I., October 16, 1888. oc19
VICTORIA NURSERY
AND
Seed Establishment.
MITCHELL & JOHNSTON
Beg to inform the public they can supply any quantity of carefully selected
Fruit Trees,
OF ALL KINDS,
Standard Roses, RHUBARB, ASPARAGUS, SEAKALE, &c.
AT THE LOWEST REMUNERATIVE PRICES.
Also, a Large Quantity of Hawthorn for Hedges.
Victoria Nursery, Oct. 6th, 1888. oc8 1m & w
LD. LOWENBERG.
REAL ESTATE AGENT
Government street, near corner of Broughton
WILL PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION to selling, purchasing and leasing property; to negotiating loans and transacting everything connected with Real Estate business.
Maps of all the different Districts on the Island may be seen at his office. Parties desirous of purchasing homesteads, or making investments, will find on his Bulletin Board a list of nearly every street; Farrells or Gardening Land in every District, some of which afford rare chance for investment.
Money on bond and mortgage to loan, in sums to suit the demands.
Conveyances of every description done at reasonable rates. oc14 1m

To Visitors from California, Oregon, the Sound, &c.
VICTORIA HOUSE,
CORNER OF FORT AND DOUGLAS STREETS, VICTORIA, V. I.,
Will always be found a Large and Choice Assortment of
Dress Goods, Mantles, Millinery, Flowers, Laces, &c
At very Moderate Prices, and of the Latest Styles
The Goods being Imported from Europe by Express Monthly.
The usual Assortment of Staple Goods, such as:
White and Printed Calicos, Flannels, Linens, Blankets, Ticking, &c., &c., also on Hand in Great Variety.
Wm. DENNY, Manager.
oc27
Mens' Suits, \$10 to \$30,
IN STOCK FOR IMMEDIATE USE.
A. McLEAN & CO.
Have received by last Express
15 CASES OF ASSORTED SUPERIOR WINTER CLOTHING,
DIRECT FROM ENGLAND,
Which will be sold at the Smallest possible advance on English Cost, to make room for other
LARGE SHIPMENTS,
To arrive by Every Steamer.
SCOTCH HOUSE, Fort Street. oc29 6m

Saturday Morning, Oct. 31, 1868.

CONSIGNEES.

Per bark BOLIVIA from Liverpool—Janson, Rhodes & Co., Findlay & Durham, G. G. Sawers, W. Jones, W. L. Jones, Sprout & Co., Jno. Wilkie & Co., H. Leadbeater, Order.

BIRTH.

In Victoria, on the 29th inst., the wife of O. A. Beaton, Esq., R. M., of a daughter.

DEATH.

On the 29th inst., after a long and painful illness, Mrs. John Stevens.

The funeral will take place, this day, Saturday, from Stevens' House, Spanish Road, at 12 noon, and will pass the Iron Church at 2 o'clock p.m. Friends are invited to attend.

POLICE COURT—THE SMUGGLING CASE.—The protracted case of F. S. Rolfe, steward of the Spirit of the Age, for smuggling, was brought to a close yesterday. On His Honor taking his seat, Mr. Bishop moved in arrest of judgment several points, the principal of which were, that the information was not valid owing to the Commission of Customs not having commenced the prosecution, or delegated his powers to the Collector of Customs, and that the prisoner at the time of the alleged offence was acting under orders which he could not disobey. His Worship overruled Mr. Bishop's objections by deciding that His Excellency the Governor strictly, was not Commissioner of Customs; he had certain powers by the act of Union, it is true, but they did not reach the prisoner's case, and under the local Ordinance of 1867 he held any information which may not be laid by the Collector of Customs was good; 2nd, that in the case of Attorney General vs. Rudloff, Baron Parke held it was a crime and injury to the public in any man to disobey statute revenue law; and therefore under such construction he must regard the case before him as a criminal one. The bench gave an able résumé of the evidence in the case and the law bearing upon it and convicted the prisoner in the full penalty of £100, or in default of payment six months imprisonment.

THE BOLIVIA.—This vessel was towed up to Janion Rhodes & Co's wharf by the steamer Grappler yesterday. From Capt. Skelly, we learn, that she has only been one hundred and thirty-one days, and but for a detention of thirteen days off Cape Horn, she would have made the passage in one hundred and twenty. Through the English Channel he had light head winds and calm, from the channel to the Horn the weather was fine; on rounding the Horn the ship was hove-to thirteen days, and after a terrific gale she narrowly escaped collision with another vessel and also with numerous icebergs floating about. She spoke the A. J. Pope bound for the Sandwich Islands, and the American vessel White Swallow, bound for San Francisco, twice; first in 24° south and next, about a fortnight since. The health of the crew has been good during the voyage. The Bolivia is a handsome vessel and a fine sailer, she is handsomely fitted up and ordered, showing that she is in command of a gentleman who thoroughly understands his business.

LEAVING.—Mr. George F. Wilson, professor of Music, and his pupil, master Frank Riegelhub, will sail shortly from this port in the ship Nazarene for Peru. In a four years' residence in various parts of the Colony Mr. Wilson has gained the friendship of all who knew him; his concert solos delighted the many audiences who were at all times anxious to hear his performances.

DEPARTURE OF THE STEAMER.—The str. John L. Stephens left Esquimalt last evening. She took away, in addition to two hundred rom Portland, some sixty passengers, mostly trangers and miners from Cariboo, of whom we shall see a large majority back in the spring. Mr. Bull once more bade good bye, and we give him our best wishes for his future success.

ROYAL ROADS SHIPPING.—Yesterday there were five vessels lying in Royal Roads—the Bolivia, Princess Royal, Nazarene, Spirit of the Age and Guayaquil; of these, three belong to Liverpool.

MEETING TO-NIGHT.—The supporters of Messrs. Helmecken and Drake convene a public meeting, to be held at noon at Esquimalt, and at the Theatre in this city in the evening at 7:30 p.m.

ALL SAFE.—The bark Spirit of the Age arrived in Royal Roads on Thursday night. She has not sustained the slightest damage having only touched a sand bank at low tide.

FOR THE MAINLAND.—The steamer Entorpe left yesterday morning for New Westminster. She took up a few passengers and about sixty tons of freight.

FOR THE SOUND.—The steamer Fideliter left yesterday morning for Port Townsend with the bark Rival in charge.

WELL WORTH READING.—Who is there that does not desire to be always exempted from indigestion—to have a good appetite, a painless stomach a clear head, a regular pulse, a healthy complexion? If this meets the eye of any who are not thus blessed, let them try HOTTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. We guarantee that this delightful tonic will restore any stomach, however weak, to a healthy condition; that it will bring back the ravenous appetite, and give permanent vigor to the whole system. The feeble and emaciated suffering from dyspepsia or indigestion in any form, are advised, for the sake of their own bodily and mental comfort, to try it. Ladies of the most delicate constitution testify to its harmless and its restorative properties. Physicians everywhere, disgusted with the adulterated liquors of commerce, describe it as the

SAFEST AND MOST RELIABLE

of all stomachics. Its effects are instantaneous. It does not require weeks of dosing before its virtues are realized. Thousands sit down to their meals void of appetite, eat long because others eat. The food thus forced into the stomach does positive harm. Instead of strengthening the system it engenders a variety of ailments, which end in confirmed dyspepsia.

HOTTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

taken regularly before meals will prevent all this.

By Electric Telegraph.

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST

LAST NIGHT'S DESPATCHES.

Another Earthquake in San Francisco.

THE AMERICAN ELECTION.

Amicable feeling in the Adjustment of the Alabama Claims.

Riots & Murders in New Orleans.

PROGRESS OF THE SPANISH REVOLUTION

More about the Shooting at Prince Alfred.

Eastern States.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—Seymour is addressing an immense crowd in Union Square. His speech consists principally of attacks on the Republican financial policy.

New York, Oct. 24.—Friday night closed the registration, Democrats issued 7000 papers, the Republicans 2700. The Tribune says 20,000 naturalizations have been made.

St. Louis, Oct. 24.—On the 20th inst. fifty negroes attacked Dardanelles, firing into the houses of whites, who rallied and drove them away.

New Orleans, Oct. 26.—A fight between whites and negroes occurred at Gretna this morning. A large number of whites crossed the river; Gen. Rousseau stopped the ferry boats and sent a company to assist the police in preserving peace. The evening Times says: the long impending conflict seems to have commenced; Gen. Rousseau has requested additional regiments; at 9 o'clock an armed mob of men ordered the metropolitan police to leave Gretna. The St. Louis Democratic special says: James Hinde, Member of Congress from the second district, was assassinated today. Hon. Joseph R. Brooks, who was with Hinde, was wounded, but it is supposed not fatally. James Clarendon, an outspoken Republican was also murdered in the same vicinity recently.

Havana, Oct. 23.—Volunteer companies are forming in all parts of Cuba and are offering their services to the Capt. General. Heavy rains in the interior prevent troops from pursuing the insurgents so speedily as desired.

New York, Oct. 25.—A special cable message says: loyal Americans and English friends of the Union are galled at the recent proceedings of Minister Johnson, and think he went too far in greeting Laird in such a friendly manner.

The National organ says: Ferdinand has declined the offered the Crown of Spain. The writer is certain the Duke de Montpensier would accept the crown.

Europe.

London, Oct. 23.—The papers refer to the speeches of Reverdy Johnson and Lord Stanley. The Times believes that in a few days England and America will be united without a ghost of a quarrel. Some of Lord Stanley's prophecies are premature. The Daily Times says Johnson's task of settling matters at variance between England and America is light, for it was nearly completed by his predecessor Mr. Adams. Referring to the meeting between Johnson and Laird, the News says: Johnson's charity towards Laird who built the Alabama, applies equally to Semmes, who sailed her. The Telegraph rejoices in the new era of diplomacy as exemplified in the Ministers meeting and discussing in a friendly manner public questions. The Standard says: if the result of the negotiations pending between the two countries has failed, it will certainly not be the fault of either of the ministers.

Liverpool, Oct. 23.—Minister Johnson was welcomed at the Town Hall yesterday by the Mayor, who presented an address from the Corporation. Johnson replied briefly to the effect that the peace of the two countries is not likely to be disturbed. Negotiations now going on, give assurance that nothing in the past or present will affect the peaceful relations of the two countries. Among the guests were Lord Stanley and Gladstone.

Madrid, Oct. 23.—In accordance with the recommendations of the central Junta, most of the provisional Juntas have dissolved.

Paris, Oct. 23.—Prince Napoleon has written a letter to Gen. Prim advocating the claims of the Duke of Anasta (?) to the throne of Spain.

Madrid, Oct. 23.—At a large meeting held here to-day, speeches were made and resolutions adopted in favor of the abolition of slavery throughout the Spanish Dominion.

Liverpool, Oct. 23.—Some persons stayed away from the dinner to Johnson last night, because Laird was invited to be present. Laird was requested to stay away but would not. The climax of the banquet was reached, and when the Chairman introduced Laird to Johnson, they grasped hands cordially, and held each other by the hand while exchanging some words.

London, Oct. 23.—The authorities of Sydney have positive proof that the shooting of Prince Alfred was the result of a deeply laid plot. The details will be given to the public in a few days.

California.

San Francisco, Oct. 25.—A light shock of earthquake was felt at 13 minutes before 8 this morning. Last evening at 8 o'clock, the fire walls and second floor of the Railroad Hotel fell in with a terrific crash. The building was made a crumbling wreck on Wednesday and has been giving way ever since.

Never wear a Cough, or irritation on the lungs, when you can buy AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, the world's great remedy that cures it.

FRED PAYNE has removed his Cheap Shaving Shop to the opposite side of Johnson street, just above the Miner's Saloon.

The Meeting of Thursday Night, the 29th inst.

A meeting on behalf of the candidates, Messrs. Powell and DeCosmos, was held at the Theatre on Thursday night last, in order to give those gentlemen a chance of vindicating their position, and to show wherein the inconsistencies with which they were charged by their opponents, consisted.

Dr. Dickson occupied the Chair, and Mr. Robert Williams acted as Secretary. There were also on the platform with the candidates, Messrs. W. S. Green, Gowen, Fox, R. Wallace, J. G. McKay, Gibbs, Craig, Hebbard, Walker, Millard, Bunting, Wilby, Carey and others.

Dr. Powell was the first to address the meeting, commencing with an allusion to Piper's group, and the Doctor's (Helmecken) Anti-Confederation pills; that only a year ago the Doctor was himself so badly afflicted in regard to the Government that he made up any number of Confederation pills and administered them right and left, guaranteeing immediate action if only taken immediately, and concluded to take the largest dose himself. As to Mr. Burnaby, he advised that the people should not lay down their arms, but agitate, agitate, until their rights, as became freemen, were obtained. Dr. Powell had been offered support from his American friends, but for his Confederation principles; he would say, that that question is not imminent, not until the settlement of the N. W. Territory. Were he elected and the question of Confederation to come up in the Council, consequent upon the settlement of the North-West, he would return to his constituents for rejection or re-election. He only allowed himself to be brought forward in order to defeat a combination; had another offered he would have gladly given a reference to his independent course while in the Island Legislature.

Mr. Sebright Green, candidate for the Districts, followed and was received with applause. He came forward to defeat the "unholy alliance." It was well known the B. C. was not in favor of Representative Institutions, and therefore he did not seek their support. Confederation was not the issue with Messrs. DeCosmos and Powell; if the people were opposed to selection and despotic Government, they must return those gentlemen. The speaker: Support the person who served your interests faithfully in both the Legislative Assembly and the Council; this gentleman (Mr. D. C.) went in for retrocession, not an island member supported him. Dr. Helmecken did not, he fell away and left Mr. DeCosmos alone. If you want the large staff of officials kept, with nothing for them to do, why send Messrs. Helmecken and Drake to the Council, but if not your wish, and you would prefer the revenue spent on the roads and bridges, rather than on extensive billiard and ball rooms, then place the liberal candidates at the head of the poll.

Mr. Chas. Gowen was next loudly called for. He said he came to listen, like most present. The present issue is Retrocession and Responsible Government; if the people be in favor of them, they should vote for DeCosmos and Powell. Things are misrepresented; the opposition say, Confederation or non-Confederation; it is no such thing, we are in favor of Representative Institutions and Responsible Government. The speaker next dwelt upon the independent manner in which Mr. DeCosmos always bore himself. He (Mr. Gowen) had failed to see the man in the campaign who could say Mr. DeCosmos had done them a wrong. (Applause and hisses.) At this juncture, Mr. R. Lewis, who was in the body of the theatre, raised an objection to this statement, which caused an interruption to the proceedings for several minutes.

Mr. DeCosmos came forward and said: it appears to oppositionists have engaged the services of an undertaker to bury them. (Loud cheers.)

Mr. Gowen resumed.—If the country had gone ahead, then Mr. DeCosmos would be a different man with many of you. He has been accused of breaking up the Douglas administration! Who did break it up? Governor Douglas himself—his time had expired, and he said he would not again accept. Messrs. McClure and Malcolm Cameron were sent home, the latter by the mainland inhabitants, and they had to do with the separation of the colonies. Mr. Gowen wound up by stating that he would be glad to meet any of the opponents when he would talk them blind on facts.

Mr. DeCosmos next came forward, and in an extended speech, tried to extricate himself from the political difficulties charged with. In the course of his remarks he was well supplied with data, had from the Colonial papers, and from which he quoted to prove he was not responsible for the breaking up of the Douglas administration; the separation of the Colonies and unconditional union. [We presume those most interested in the speaker's remarks on these questions were present last evening, and we therefore fail to see a necessity to fill our paper with them.] Mr. DeCosmos, on the Unconditional Union question, charged the persons now opposing him and the old free party, of which Messrs. Leneve, Burnaby, David, Fell, &c., were members, with being responsible therefor, and that Dr. Helmecken was the very first who went for Unconditional Union. Said Dr. Helmecken—"it is no doubt the great thing to be aimed at, and Free Trade is the next best policy, &c." Mr. DeCosmos stated next, that the result of the negotiation of the matter was to be attributed to Governor Kennedy; he denied he was responsible for the bankruptcies, for the unlimited credit given by the banks or for the calamities or injuries which bevel the country; he challenged anyone to prove that he was. Governor Douglas obtained the two Governors for the Colony, and he authorized his Secretary, Mr. Porter, to tell him (Mr. DeCosmos) so. Mr. DeCosmos said, he opposed, in his paper—thumping his job had the effect of sending home Mr. McClure to advocate the separation; at that meeting were Messrs. Copland, Thorne, Earles, Hicks, Shanks, Layzell and McClure; The speaker

in reply to the assertion made use of, that he sought to be the Lieutenant Governor of the Colony, stated that the story originated at a dinner-table at New Westminster, in a joke of Dr. Helmecken's; but said Mr. DeCosmos at the Meeting of Thursday evening—if I had a notion of the Lieutenant Governorship it is no discredit to me. I have as much right to aspire to it as anyone else. The foreign vote, Mr. Helmecken's and Mr. Drake's assertions, the Yale Convention, 'Cocadoodle doo's' the Hudson Bay Co., the Governor's salary, his perquisites and yacht, reciprocity, were each separately dwelt upon, and after returning thanks for the canvas on his behalf, sat down.

Mr. M. W. Gibbs next addressed the meeting, in some very eloquent remarks; we can only find room for the concluding portion of them in the shape of an illustrative story: A gentleman owned a dog called Womba—now Womba was a good, respectable kind of an animal, that stood high in the family esteem. One day Womba saw a squirrel run under the garden wall and commenced barking bow, wow, wow, and continued to bark night and day to the great annoyance of the family; they thought that if it was possible to convince 'Womba' that the squirrel had actually escaped that he would be quiet. So they led him to the outside of the wall to show him that the hole went quite through; that it was impossible that he could obtain a lodgment, but returned to the inside, with 'wow, wow, wow'; they then made the hole larger, that he might look quite through—but he buried his head in the hole with 'wow, wow, wow.' A little way off and in sight of 'Womba', could be seen a bushy engaged destroying the poultry and eating the corn—they called Womba! Womba! rats! rats! Womba held up his head, looked at the rats and then buried it in the hole—with wow, wow, wow. It was really inexplicable, until later in the day Womba might be seen stretched in his kennel with the rats gamboling over and around him, with unmistakable signs that the poultry had been common plunder. So when tomorrow you meet our opponents and you insist that Representative Institutions and Retrocession are the living issues, and that Confederation has been postponed through no action of the people of this Colony, they will bury their head in the Confederation hole and respond wow, wow, wow. [Cheers and laughter.] Three cheers were given for Reform, three more for the Queen, and the meeting separated shortly before eleven o'clock.

Letter from Mr. Waddington.

LONDON, Sept. 2, 1868.

DEAR MR. P.—My letters of June 22d and July 15th, will no doubt have come to hand, together with the papers I forwarded you, containing the debates and petitions I got up in Parliament. Since then I had been requested about a month ago, to attend the meeting of the British Association for the advancement of science, which was held this year at Norwich, and read a paper on my double scheme of an overland Communication, to be followed by a railroad, which is now beginning to attract some attention. This, I at last consented to do, though rather a formidable undertaking in presence of such a concourse of eminent persons assembling from England and all parts of Europe. The success, however, was complete, and has gone the round of all the papers; the hall was crowded, and to use the Secretary's own words, the paper produced "an immense effect." It will be embodied in the pamphlet I am about to print; and in the meantime I enclose you a short report from the Times of the 24th inst., [will be published in next issue.] I returned here on Friday evening, and have just received another invitation to attend the meeting of the Association for the advancement of Social Science, which is to take place Sept. 30th, at Birmingham, and speak there also. But before proceeding further with my various endeavors in our common cause, I must advert to an editorial in the WEEKLY COLONIST of June 20th, which has been placed in my hands.

This editorial is chiefly based on a long quotation from an article in the Pall Mall Gazette, which was kindly furnished by Mr. Cheadle at my request and to oblige me, in order to keep the matter before the public. He read me this very quotation whilst writing it in his own room, and we agreed that it was better that he should not entirely concur in my views, in order to give me a better opportunity of answering him. And this I did not do, for the simple reason, that Mr. Smith, the editor, declined for more than three weeks to insert the communication, as foreign to the general cast of his paper; and it was consequently useless for me to ask him to insert a second article, when he showed himself so unwilling to insert the first. This is the simple truth, as may be readily perceived by perusing Dr. Cheadle's letter. It overturns all that portion of the editor's argumentation which reposes upon it, and as to the remaining position, it will be still easier, I think, to demolish it.

And in the first place: Dr. Rae's sweeping assertions concerning the rapids of the Upper Fraser were flatly contradicted at the Royal Geographical Society, by the overwhelming opinions of Alfred Perry, William Brewster, Mr. Sharp, and Sir James Douglas, as may be seen by referring to the debate published in the transactions of the Society, which the editor will of course have read before committing himself on the subject: so much so, that before the termination of the debate, Dr.

Rae rose and explained apologetically what he had said. Besides, the navigation of the Upper Fraser has nothing to do with the future railroad, which would pass by its side; through a fine open country, instead of the difficulties of the Selkirk range, and those much more considerable at Howse Pass, the altitude of which is 6347 feet above the sea. I am told that a pass has since been discovered by Mr. Ward in this direction; but as I am unacquainted with the details, it is impossible for me to judge whether it would obviate the main difficulties, so as to serve for an overland railroad which, however, seems to me most unlikely. But supposing this railroad to be possible, or supposing one to be taken from the Tete Jaune Cache down the North Thompson, over 150 miles of uninhabitable, unproductive country, and which though feasible would be very expensive; how is either of them to be carried over the Cascade mountains between Kamloops and Yale? This portion of the Cascade range has always been considered impracticable for a railroad, commercially speaking, and the continuation from Yale to Harrison river would be in many places difficult and very expensive.

As to the harbor at Burrard Inlet, I have made particular enquiries at the Admiralty, and learn that the tide runs through the neck or entrance at the rate of eight knots an hour, thus requiring a steam tug. Outside there is a good roadstead in English Bay, though rather exposed and less secure than the harbor at Bute Inlet. A railroad could be easily built from New Westminster to English Bay.

But to return to the editor's argumentation, I am at a loss to understand what he means, when talking of "the vast sums to be expended on the road from Bute Inlet to Quesnellmouth" when, with one short exception, the line presents one continuous level; and still more so, when he remarks upon the "monetary and engineering difficulties beyond," that is to say, through the level open valley of the Upper Fraser, as compared, I suppose, with those at Howse Pass, or the mountain range between Kamloops and Yale. No facts are adduced; and on the strength of these strange and unfounded assertions he concludes that "these two grand points in favor of Bute Inlet are gone at once." I leave this extraordinary piece of reasoning to the appreciation of the reader. The editor asks doubtingly, whether 'the Bute Inlet road would intersect the same amount of arable, grazing, agricultural, and mining (?) land, as the Yale and Kamloops road.' I say at once that it would open up ten times more; for it would cut through the great central plain of the Colony, instead of only intersecting one small corner. That corner is a fine sample of the remainder; and I will add, that it is a stain on the Colony that such a vast fertile plain should remain unoccupied, and still more so that there should be parties in the Colony who advocate the continuation of anything so disgraceful.

I perfectly agree, that there exists a considerable amount of property invested upon the present road; but I do not see why that should hinder me from trying to open the other half of the Colony and the best for settlement and agricultural purposes. Let those who have property on the present road do as I have done, and take measures for establishing a branch line, to connect with the proposed overland railroad, at Tete Jaune Cache or Quesnellmouth; or, if they think it practicable and preferable, by a line over Howse Pass, and thus through their portion of the Colony. Let them devote their time and money to it, as I have done, and come to England to toil and worry themselves in trying to carry out their scheme, and they will be better employed than in trying to thwart mine. It seems they can do nothing themselves but are ready enough to run down another man's endeavors, and ruin all I have been trying to do for the Colony by trying to discredit me. For my own part, I should have no objection, nor would any body here, to adopt their line, if we had the slightest idea (supposing it practicable) that it were the best for an Overland Railroad; that is to say, in an engineering, a commercial, a strategical, agricultural and therefore colonial point of view. All which it is not. It is not my fault if the best part of the Colony remains to be settled; and here I will retort the very words quoted by the editor from a report by Mr. Trutch which I have not read; substituting the word interests for scheme. Namely: "The day has passed when private interests, however good, (say just) and laudable in themselves, can be put above the welfare of the entire country."

And now, my dear Mr. P.—, you may judge of my feelings, when you learn that this editorial was put into my hands the day after my return from Norwich, (where I had been doing all in my power for the Colony) by one of the members of a firm well known in the city and on Change, who have been assisting me in my efforts. Who gave it him I know not; but the effect produced in his mind was too evident to be mistaken, and though I tried to combat it, I am afraid it was in vain. Besides I learn now that the article has been re-produced in the

Canadian News, and that there have been other articles before!—And it is after this systematic attack, and doing all in his power to destroy the confidence, and deprive me of the support and co-operation of friends and capitalists, that the Editor of the Colonist gravely adds: "We are not opposed to Mr. Waddington." I am happy to learn it; it is almost as incredible as some of his other assertions, and his readers must be very easy to persuade if they believe it. All I can say is, that if it be so, the least he can now do will be to insert my letter in his columns in order to prove it; and as some slight reparation for the injury he has caused me.

I remain, &c.,

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Auction Sales.

AUCTION.

J. A. McCREA will sell, on Monday, Nov. 2, 1868, at 11 o'clock a.m., at Salesroom, on Wharf street, to close Invoices, Sandwich Island Molasses, Liverpool and Sandwich Island Salt, Oregon Bacon, Hams, and Shoulders, Matches, Soap, Twine, Wash Blue, Dried Apples, Dried Peaches, Damaged Sauces, Starch, Candles, 10 doz Ladies' and Gents' Rubber Shoes, 2 doz Balmorals, 2 cs Boots, Lot Sand-paper. oc31

J. P. Davies & Co

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Sale-rooms, Fireproof Store Building, Wharf Street near Yates.

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A PURE AND POWERFUL TONIC!

CORRECTIVE AND ALTERATIVE

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STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS.

PROTECTIVE PROPERTIES!

Prevents Fever and Ague and Bilious, Remittent Fevers. Fortifies the System against Miasma and the evil effects of unwholesome water; invigorates the organs of digestion and the bowels;

Steadies the Nerves and Tends to Prolong Life.

REMEDIAL PROPERTIES.

Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Sick and Nervous Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation, Colic, Intermittent Fevers, Sea Sickness, Cramps and Spasms, and all complaints of either sex arising from Bodily Weakness, whether inherent in the system or PRODUCED BY SPECIAL CAUSES.

As a genuine Tonic, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS produces effects which must be experienced or witnessed before they can be fully appreciated. It is a powerful Persuader of feeble habit, liable to Nervous Attacks, Lowness of Spirits, and Fits of Languor, but prompt and permanent relief from the Bitters. The testimony on this point is most conclusive, and from both sexes. In districts infested with Fever and Ague, it has been found infallible as a preventive and feasible as a remedy. Thousands who resort to it find under apprehensions of an attack, escape the scourge; and thousands who neglect to avail themselves of its protective qualities in advance, are cured by a very brief course of this marvelous medicine.

Acting as a gentle and painless aperient, as well as upon the liver, it also invariably relieves the Constipation superinduced by irregular action of the digestive and secretory organs.

SOLD EVERYWHERE!

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DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between Helman Lewis and Louis Anthony, under the title of Lewis & Anthony, Tobaccoists, Yates street, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Helman Lewis will continue the business in his own name; will collect all outstanding debts of late date, and will pay all accounts due by same. Victoria, Oct. 13th, 1868.

WITNESS—A. Gilmore. HELMAN LEWIS, LOUIS ANTHONY, oc13



NOTICE

VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

BY AUTHORITY VESTED IN ME.

I, His Excellency the Governor of British Columbia, hereby give notice that on the days hereinafter mentioned, I shall proceed to the nomination and election of Candidates to be Members of the Legislative Council of British Columbia, for Districts Nos. 1 and 2, hereinafter described, subject to the ultimate right of ratification and appointment by the electors of each district. At noon on Monday, the 2nd day of November next, at the Police Barracks, Victoria, two Members for District No. 1, comprising Victoria City and Esquimalt Town. At noon on Tuesday, the 3rd day of November next, at Victoria District School, at the head of Fort Street, one Member for District No. 2, comprising Victoria District, Lake District, Esquimalt and Metehoon District, Sooke District, North and South Saanich District, and Salt Spring Island, including the portions of Cowichan District, which are included in the said districts. And I do further give notice, that in the event of a poll being demanded, it will be taken between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m., on the following days: For District No. 1—Tuesday, the 3rd day of November, 1868. For District No. 2—Wednesday, the 11th day of November, 1868.

And at the following places: FOR DISTRICT NO. 1. In front of Police Barracks, Victoria, B. C., at 10 o'clock. do Arthur's Hotel, Esquimalt.

FOR DISTRICT NO. 2. For Victoria District—at Victoria District School House, Head of Fort Street.

For North and South Saanich, and Lake District—at Stephens', Half way house, Saanich Road.

For Esquimalt and Metehoon—at Parsons' Bridge Hotel, Metehoon Road.

For Sooke District—at Mr. R's Farm, Sooke.

For Salt Spring Island—at Beggs' Settlement, S. S. Island.

For Cowichan—Harris' Landing.

Every Voter must have resided or carried on business within the District in which he votes, for a period of at least Three Calendar Months immediately previous to the date of Polling.

No Chinese or Indian Votes can be recorded.

ANDREW CHARLES ELLIOTT, T. P., High Sheriff of British Columbia.

Dated at Victoria, British Columbia, this 17th day of October 1868. oc10

CHIMNEY SWEEPING.

FRANCIS DODD REGS TO INFORM the Residents of Victoria that he will leave the city within a month, all who wish their Chimneys cleaned by D. DODD REGS, and leave their orders at FELL & COMPANY'S, For street and they will meet with prompt attention.

THE PLANT FOR SALE. oc28

